

said amerciamment, (which the chancellor may, in his discretion, as he may see just cause, continue, or enlarge or increase, from court to court,) shall be no longer continued, enlarged or increased, and thereby become final, the chancellor may, upon motion, order the said sheriff, coroner, or other public officer or person, to pay the said amerciamment and costs to the plaintiff or other person at whose instance the said amerciamment is made, and fine for contempt, and upon a non-compliance with the said order for payment, may issue process of fieri facias against the lands, tenements and hereditaments, goods and chattels, of the said sheriff, coroner or other public officer, which shall thereupon be taken and sold to satisfy such amerciamment and fine for contempt, or the chancellor may issue a *capias ad satisfaciendum* against such sheriff, coroner or other public officer, for the said amerciamment and fine for contempt, and there shall be the same proceedings thereon as at common law, or the chancellor may, upon motion, order the said sheriff, coroner, or other public officer or person so amerced, and in court upon process of contempt, or otherwise, to stand committed and be kept in close custody until the said amerciamment and costs, and fine for contempt, be fully satisfied; and in case the amerciamment aforesaid shall not be satisfied and paid by means aforesaid, within six months from the time it may be ordered to be paid to the plaintiff or other person at whose instance the said amerciamment is laid, then, and immediately thereafter, such plaintiff or other person at whose instance the said amerciamment is laid, or any person representing such person, may sue the securities of such sheriff, coroner or other public officer, their heirs, executors or administrators respectively, upon the office bond given by such sheriff, coroner or other public officer, and such securities, and their heirs, executors or administrators respectively, having assets, shall be liable upon such suits to pay and satisfy such amerciamment, or any part thereof which may remain unsatisfied by such sheriff, coroner or other public officer; provided always, that if the said sheriff, coroner, or other public officer or persons, so amerced, shall, at any time before the said amerciamment is made final as aforesaid, bring into and have in court the body of the person arrested or taken according to the return of the said first mentioned process or order, the said sheriff, coroner or other public officer, shall be released and discharged from the said amerciamment upon payment of the costs incurred, and the fine for contempt.

By 1818, ch. 193, sec. 6, the provisions of the act of 1797, ch. 43, for the speedy recovery of moneys levied or received by sheriffs and collectors, are extended to the court of chancery, and the county courts, as courts of equity.